S.No.	Title of the book	Name of the author(s)	ISBN No.	Date of publication
1.	Solar energy	P.V.S.Sobhan Babu	978-93-5457-982-0	09-08-2021
2.	Electrical appliances	P.V.S.Sobhan Babu	978-93-5578-016-4	21-10-2021
3.	Public Relations	P.V.S.Sobhan Babu P.V.S.Teja	978-93-5566-208-8	21-10-2021



# **Raja Rammohun Roy National Agency for ISBN**

Department of Higher Education, Ministry of Education

Government of India



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# Raja Rammohun Roy National Agency for ISBN



Department of Higher Education, Ministry of Education

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SI No.	ISBN Number	Titie	Author/Editor	Year Of Allotment of ISBN	Likely Publication Date	Country of Publication	Product Form	Title Vearo Page	Language	Imprint	Publisher	Select	Action	Final Title Vearo Page	Additional Book details	Application Status
1	978-93-5578-016-4	ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES	P V S Scohan Babu	2021	21/10/2021	INDIA	Single- component retail product/ Book	*	English		PVS Sobhan Babul	Allotted	(Edit Expired) Delete Book Cancel ISBN Allotted		Update Additional Details	Allotted By RRRNA

#### Materials Today Chemistry 22 (2021) 100592

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

### Materials Today Chemistry

journal homepage: www.journals.elsevier.com/materials-today-chemistry/

### Passivation layer-dependent catalysis of zinc oxide nanostructures

K.R. Nandanapalli <sup>a, b, \*</sup>, D. Mudusu <sup>c</sup>, R.M.R. Lingandhinne <sup>d</sup>, S.W. Lee <sup>b, \*\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Institut für Chemie, Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin, Brook-Taylor-Str. 2, 12489, Berlin, Germany

<sup>b</sup> Department of Emerging Materials Science, Daegu Gyeongbuk Institute of Science & Technology (DGIST), 333 Techno Jungang-daero, Hyeonpung-myeon, Dalseong-gun, Daegu, 711-873, South Korea

<sup>c</sup> Department of Robotic Engineering, Daegu Gyeongbuk Institute of Science & Technology (DGIST), 333 Techno Jungang-daero, Hyeonpung-myeon,

Dalseong-gun, Daegu, 711-873, South Korea

<sup>d</sup> Department of Physics, Loyola Degree College, Pulivendula, 516390, Andhra Pradesh, India

#### ARTICLE INFO

Article history: Received 14 June 2021 Received in revised form 17 August 2021 Accepted 9 September 2021 Available online xxx

Keywords: ZnO nanostructures Low-temperature synthesis Surface passivation Photoelectrochemical catalysis Water-splitting Eco-fuels

### ABSTRACT

Electrochemical and photoelectrochemical catalysis of surface-passivated zinc oxide (ZnO) nanostructures with three different metal oxides were investigated. Initially, vertically aligned ZnO nanorods structures were developed over conductive substrates by a two-step approach and then passivated with an ultrathin zinc hydroxide, that is,  $Zn(OH)_2$ , cobalt oxide, that is, CoO, and  $Zn(OH)_2/CoO$  as bilayer, by electrochemical deposition. Compared with the pristine ZnO structures, the surface-passivated nanostructures possess slightly rough surfaces, whereas their crystal structure remains unchanged. From electrochemical catalysis studies under dark and illumination, it is noticed that vertically aligned ZnO nanostructures passivated with narrow band-gap CoO layers have a predominant water oxidation performance than that of the structures passivated with other oxide materials. It is mainly attributed to the eradication of surface states present on ZnO nanorods. Interestingly, the structures passivated with bilayers, that is,  $Zn(OH)_2/CoO$ , showed significant stability and durability (~103% retention in current density@60<sup>th</sup> min) with a continuous oxygen evolution reaction process for long durations.

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### 1. Introduction

In recent years, the development of electrode materials, that is, as anodes as well as cathodes, for sustainable and efficient watersplitting process and thereby the production of eco-fuels has received great attention because of the threatening signals of global warming and climate changes [1]. After the invention of photocatalysis in titanium oxide by Fujishima and Honda [2], various oxides and non-oxides metallic compounds came into the limelight due to their suitable physical and chemical properties along with rich surface morphologies [3]. In particular, various metal oxide materials, including Cu<sub>2</sub>O, TaON, BiVO<sub>4</sub>, WO<sub>3</sub>, Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, etc. [4], have been evolved as a special class of materials because of their easy processability and scalability along with excellent chemical stability and favorable band alignment toward the redox potential of water [5,6]. Among these metal oxide semiconductor materials, zinc oxide

\*\* Corresponding author.

(ZnO) has received great attention as a suitable, efficient, and costeffective anode material for not only the water-splitting process by oxygen evolution reaction (OER) for  $O_2/H_2$  production [7–10] but also two-electron water oxidation reaction process to generate  $H_2O_2$ [11]. This is mainly due to the low-temperature synthesis, nontoxicity, and abundancy of ZnO along with finely aligned conduction and valance band positions around the redox potential of water. However, photodegradation of OER electrodes greatly hinders their usage in real-time applications. In this view, enhancement of the performance along with chemical sustainability of electrocatalytic electrodes has appeared to be one of the challenging issues.

To overcome the above bottlenecks, the researchers have been implemented various approaches, including the development of nanostructures, loading of co-catalysts, growth of core/shell heterostructures, surface passivation, etc [12,13]. As a result, enriched chemical active surface area, amplification of chemical kinetics, increase of light absorption cum protection from chemical corrosion, and reduction of surface states and thereby a decrease of recombination losses have been observed [4]. For instance, different types of ZnO nanostructures, including nanorods, nanowires, nanoparticles, nanoflakes, etc., have been developed and explored their electrocatalytic as well as photoelectrochemical







<sup>\*</sup> Corresponding author.

*E-mail addresses*: dr\_nkreddy@rediffmail.com (K.R. Nandanapalli), swlee@dgist. ac.kr (S.W. Lee).

Materials Today Chemistry 24 (2022) 100921

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

### Materials Today Chemistry

journal homepage: www.journals.elsevier.com/materials-today-chemistry/

### Impact of shock waves on the physical and chemical properties of aligned zinc oxide structures grown over metal-sheets



<sup>a</sup> Department of Physics, Loyola Degree College, Pulivendula, 516390, Andhra Pradesh, India

<sup>b</sup> Department of Aerospace Engineering, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, 560012, India

<sup>c</sup> Center for Nanoscience and Engineering, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, 560012, India

<sup>d</sup> Department of Emerging Materials Science, Daegu Gyeongbuk Institute of Science & Technology (DGIST), 333 Techno Jungang-daero, Hyeonpung-myeon,

Dalseong-gun, Daegu, 711-873, South Korea

### ARTICLE INFO

Article history: Received 9 June 2021 Received in revised form 2 March 2022 Accepted 29 March 2022 Available online xxx

Keywords: Nanostructured zinc oxide (ZnO) Flexible sheets Space engineering applications Chemical growth Thermal stability

### ABSTRACT

Zinc oxide (ZnO) nanorods were developed on stainless steel (SS) sheets as well as glass substrates in two steps by adopting well-established two different chemical methods namely, spray pyrolysis and chemical bath deposition techniques. Then, the structures were exposed to dynamically generated shock waves in a home-built shock tunnel. All the as-grown and shock waves exposed structures were characterized with advanced analytical techniques. Surface morphology and structural studies reveal that the as-grown nanostructured films over the both SS and glass substrates possess nanorods-like surface morphology; however, they exhibited (101) and (001) orientations as predominant orientations, respectively. From micro Raman analysis, it is noticed that the nanorod structures grown on both surfaces have good phase purity and crystalline quality. On the other hand, the cathodoluminescence studies show that these hydrothermally grown ZnO nanorods possess a large number of native defects. Finally, the ZnO nanorods exposed to shock waves generated with a temperature and pressure of ca. ~20,000 K and ~6 MPa for a short duration of 2-3 ms exhibited superb sustainability in terms of surface morphology as well as crystalline quality, which is mainly attributed to the slantly overlapped morphology as well as the high melting temperature of ZnO nanorods.

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### 1. Introduction

Materials science is one of the crucial branches in space engineering technology where the materials have been synthesized, processed, and tested for different applications [1,2]. The reduction of weight and cost of the materials along with the enhancement of specific device functionalities are a few key issues that have received great focus today [3–5]. State-of-the-art in space engineering reports suggests that most of these bottleneck problems can be handled by developing new class materials [6]. Noticeably, the primary selection of materials is determined by their mechanical and physical properties along with chemical characteristics [7–9]. In this direction, the combination of various kinds of materials has been adapted for different space engineering

\*\* Corresponding author.

applications including electrical and electronics, sensors, controllers, detectors, protection, and energy conversion and storage devices since it is impossible to achieve all these applications by using a single material [10]. Though there are plenty of high-temperature materials with melting temperatures higher than 2000 °C including carbides, refractory metals, oxides, nitrides, and borides, the ceramic materials have received considerable attention due to their multifunctional characteristics along with considerable sustainability even under extreme temperatures or harsh operating conditions [11]. At the same time, these compound materials possess significant mechanical strength along with suitable optical and electrical properties. As a result, different kinds of devices have been developed and tested for various space applications including leak detection, temperature monitoring, emissions monitoring, and fluctuations in the surrounding environment.

In recent years, the development of materials with nanoscale dimensions by adopting advanced processing methodologies allows scientists to realize efficient and eco-friendly devices not only for day-to-day applications but also for space engineering and medical applications [12]. As a result, various semiconductor









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### INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF RESEARCH AND ANALYTICAL REVIEWS (IJRAR) | IJRAR.ORG

An International Open Access, Peer-reviewed, Refereed Journal

# A Review on Different Renewable Energy Resources L.Raja Mohan Reddy<sup>1\*</sup>,B.Purusotham<sup>2</sup>,G.V.Ramana<sup>3</sup>,N.B.Sivarami Reddy<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Dept.of Physics, Government Degree College, Rajampeta, Annamayya(Dt), A.P., India-516115 2Dept.of Zoology, Government Degree College, Rajampeta, Annamayya(Dt), A.P., India-516115 3Dept.of Physics, SCNR Government Degree College, Proddatur, YSR(Dt), A.P., India-516360

ABSTRACT: The world is fast becoming a global village due to the increasing daily requirement of energy by all population across the world while the earth in its form cannot change. The need for energy and its related services to satisfy human social and economic development, welfare and health is increasing. Returning to renewables to help mitigate climate change is an excellent approach which needs to be sustainable in order to meet energy demand of future generations. Renewable technologies are technically viable and economically attractive; traditional energytechnology receives many investment dollars. The use of renewable energy resources is growing gradually and it's requirement is also increasing as compared with the conventional energy requirement and the research on this is in development. The renewable energy types considered include solar, wind, geothermal, bio-energy and waste derived energy, ocean thermal energy, tidal, wave and hydraulic. This paper provides a brief knowledge about different renewable energy resources. It thus, becomes a need to explore these sources more efficiently, so that we can maximize it's use for different applications worldwide.

Keywords-Renewable Energy Resources, Solar Energy, Wind Energy, Hydrothermal Liquefaction

### **1. INTRODUCTION**

As world's population is increasing day by day, therefore the utilization of energy is increasing in a hurry. The employ of renewable energy resources seems to be a huge movement by which the extra energy can be generated as generation of energy becomes an important concern for the world [1]. Renewable energy resources can be a alternative option for conventional energy resources as it substitute conventional fuels [2]. Basically, the most important aspect for increasing renewable energies is to pilot a number of positive results like controlling the greenhouse effect and climate change [3, 4]. The status for electricity generation of various renewable energy types, such as solar, wind, hydraulic, biomass, ocean andgeothermal, is frequently reported and the development potentials of renewable energies are often investigated [5, 6]. The development of



ALL INDIA COUNCIL FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION Nelson Mandela Marg, Vasant Kunj, New Delhi-110070

### CERTIFICATE OF APPRECIATION

This certificate is presented to

## Dr.L.Raja Mohan Reddy

### Government Degree College, Rajampeta

for contributing as a reviewer of the translation of the book

"Physics (Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory with Lab Manual)"

of 1<sup>st</sup> year Undergraduate program in Telugu under AICTE Technical Book Writing Scheme as per the requirement of National Education Policy-2020

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(Prof. M. Jagadesh Kumar) Chairman, AICTE



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Nelson Mandela Marg, Vasant Kunj, New Delhi-110070

### CERTIFICATE OF APPRECIATION

This certificate is presented to

## N.B. Sivarami Reddy

### Government Degree College, Rajampeta

for contributing as a reviewer of the translation of the book

### "Applied Physics-I (with Lab Manual)"

of 1<sup>st</sup> year Diploma program in Telugu under AICTE Technical Book Writing Scheme as per the requirement

> of National Education Policy-2020

Jagadesh

(Prof. M. Jagadesh Kumar) Chairman, AICTE





This is to certify that **Dr. L. Rajamohan Reddy,** Programme Officer, Unit 1, Govt. Degree College, Rajampeta has been awarded with University Level Best **Programme Officer** award for the year 2022-2023 in recognition of outstanding contributions rendered under National Service Scheme.

Registrar

Vice Chancello

**Programme Coordinator** 



Prof. A.G. Damu Dean, Academic Affairs No. YVU/CDC/Academic Affairs/BOS/UG/2022-2023

Ph.No.9177888961 mail:edcyvu@gmail.com Date: 18.10.2022

То The Chairman & Members, Board of Studies in Physics/ Electronics.

Sir/Madam,

Sub: - YVU-CDC/ Academic Affairs-Constitution of Board of Studies - UG Course-Acceptance- Requested- Reg. Ref: - Vice- Chancellor's Orders dated 15.10.2022

. . . . .

I am by direction, to inform you that you have been nominated as chairman/member of the Boards of Studies in Physics/ Electronics for a period of 3 years from the date of this order. The nominated members are requested to share their experience and expertise in the academic endeavors for the benefit of the students and the development of the university. Further, you are requested to make it convenient to attend the meetings and accomplish the delegated works as and when scheduled.

	Physics/ Electronics					
S.No	Name	Designation	Address			
1	Dr.G Venkata Ramana	Chairman	SCNR, Proddatur			
2	Dr. G Parkadin	Member	SCNR, Proddatur			
3	Dr.L Rajamohan Reddy	Member	GDC, Rajampet			
4	Dr.K. Venkata Subba Reddy	Member	SBVR, Badvel			
5	Head Dept. Of Physics	University Nominee	Yogi Vemana University, Kadapa			

You are requested to kindly acknowledge the receipt of the letter in the form of acceptance. Whenever you attend the meeting, TA/ DA/ Sitting allowance will be paid as per University rules.

Academic Affairs

Copy to

Copy to the Principal, Yogi Vemana University College, Kadapa.
The Controller of Examinations, Yogi Vemana University, Kadapa for information.
P.A. to Vice-Chancellor, Yogi Vemana University for information.

4) The file.



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### YOGI VEMANA UNIVERSITY:KADAPA **COLLEGE DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL**

Dr.Y. Subbarayudu Dean,

Ph.No.9703216196 mail:cdcyvu@gmail.com Date: 08.11.2022

No. YVU/CDC/BOS Meeting/UG/2022-2023

То The Chairman & Members, Board of Studies in All subjects.

Sir/Madam,

Sub: - YVU-CDC- UG BOS Meeting scheduled on 11.11.2022-Information-Reg. \* \* \* \* \*

The Chairmen/Members of UG BoS of concerned subjects are requested to attend the BOS meeting scheduled as detailed below without fail to finalize the syllabus, Model papers and

optional papers for V<sup>th</sup> Semester.

Date : 11.11.2022

Time : 10.30 AM

### Venue : APJ Abdul Kalam Central Library, Yogi Vemana University, Kadapa

Further, Chairmen/ Members will be paid TA/ DA/ Sitting allowance as per University rules.

Note: Principals of YVU affiliated college/University College are requested to relieve the concerned Chairman/Members of UG BOS for the BOS meeting to be held on 11.11.2022.

DEAN

DEAN College Development Council YOGI VEMANA UNIVERSITY KADAPA-516005.

Copy to 1. All Chairman/Members.



The Principal, YVUC, Kadapa.
The Principal, SV University College, Tirupathi.

4. All the Principals of YVU affiliated colleges. 5. File.

YOU YOU	GI VEMANA U	NIVERSITY:K	ADAPA
Prof. A.G. Damu			Ph.No.9177888961
Dean, Academic Af			nail:edeyvu@gmail.com Date: 11.11.2022
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DEAN

## **YOGI VEMANA UNIVERSITY**

Vemanapuram, Kadapa-516005

### www.yvu.edu.in

Email: academicsectionyvu@gmail.com agdamu01@gmail.com

No. YVU/AS/UG-BOS/Physics/2023

**Academic Affairs** 

Date: 05.09.2023

### PROCEEDINGS OF THE VICE-CHANCELLOR (PRESENT: PROF. CHINTA SUDHAKAR)

Sub.:-Yogi Vemana University- Academic Section - Appointment of Chairman & Members of BOS in Physics for UG (Hon) - Orders-Issued.

Ref.:- 1. Rc. Lr. No. APSCHE/AC/CBCS-2023-24/review dated 22/06/2023.

2. Lr. No. YVU/KDP/AGD/AS/4<sup>th</sup>Yr UG-Hon/BOS const./2023 dated 25/08/2023 from Dean, Academic Affairs, YVU

 The Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor's Orders bearing No. YVU/AS/4 Yrs UG-Hon/BOS const./2023 dated 04/09/2023.

-000-

### ORDER:

Having considered the contents of the note file dated 04-09-2023, the Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor has appointed the following faculty members from affiliated colleges under YVU jurisdiction, Yogi Vemana University, Kadapa and other institutions as chairman and member for Board Of Studies (BOS) in **Physics** of 4 years UG (Hon) program for a period of two years from 05-09-2023.

	Board of Studies in Physics						
S. No.	Name	Designation	Address	Phone No.			
1	Dr. G. Venkata Ramana	Chairman	Lec. in Physics, SCNR Govt. Degree College, Proddatur	9966948849 gramana1968 @gmail.com			
2	Dr. G. Pakrudin	Member	Lec. in Physics, SCNR Govt. Degree College, Proddatur	9441001409 pakarags@gmail.com			
3	Dr. L. Rajamohan Reddy	Member	Lec. in Physics, Govt. Degree College, Rajampeta	8247753051 lrmrmphil@gmail.com			
4	Dr. K. Venkata Subba Reddy	Member	Lec. in Physics, SBVR Degree College, Badvel	9441013050 drsubbareddykv@gmail. Com			
5	Head, Dept. of Physics (Prof. K. Krishna Reddy)	University Nominee	YV University College, Kadapa	9966220933 krishna.kkreddy@gmail.com			

They are requested to accept the assignment and assist the University by sharing their knowledge and expertise in designing & strengthening the curriculum in tune with current needs and Academic Regulations of UG (Hon) program for the benefit of student community.

[BY ORDER]



To

- 1. The individuals for information and taking necessary action.
- 2. The Dean, CDC, YV University, Kadapa for information.
- 3. The Controller of Examinations, YV University, Kadapa for information.
- 4. The Honorable Vice-Chancellor's Table for favor of information.

### GOVERNMENT COLLEGE FOR MEN (Autonomous) KADAPA

Date: 13/01/2022

From The Principal Government College for Men (Autonomous) Kadapa

To Sri N.Sivarami Reddy Lecturer in Physics Govt Degree College Rajampeta Kadapa.Dt

Respected Sir,

Sub: Department of Physics - Request for attending Board of Studies-Meeting on 18/01/2022- Reg.

The Department of Physics, Government College for Men(A), Kadapa is conducting Board of Studies meeting in Physics at 10.00 AM on 18/01/2022 in the Department of Physics. Hence, I request your good selves to attend the meeting to decide the Syllabus and model question papers for Physics of III & IV Semesters of II B.Sc of this college from the academic year 2021-2022.

You are also requested to approve the list of examiners for question paper Setting and paper valuation in the subject of Physics for conducting examinations in this autonomous college.

Thanking you Sir,

Yours faithfully,

RINCIP24.2022

GOVT. COLLEGE FOR MEN (A. KADAPA.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE FO	OR MEN (AUTONOMOUS 516 004.)
(Re-Accredited with 'B' Office Ph No.08562-255577.	Grade by NAAC) E.mail-gcmacoe@gmail.com
Onice 111 10:00502-255577.	
ATTENDANCE CER	TIFICATE
This is to certify that Dr/Smt/Sri <u>N.B.Siva R</u>	
in_Physics, Grovt	Degree College/University attended
BOS meeting for the Subject /Dept. Elechanics	at Govt. College for Men
(Autonomous), Kadapa on 18-01-2022	
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Som	The it
BOS Chairman	Principal 18/122
LECTURER IN-CHANGE	Principal
GOVT. COLLEGE FOR MEN (A) KADAPA - 516004.	Govt. College for Men (A) Kadapa.
KADAPA - SLOUDI	



# **Government Degree College**

NAAC Accredited with 'B' Grade Rajampeta - 516 115, Kadapa District Andhra Pradesh

email: <u>rajampeta.jkc@gmail.com</u>, www.gdcrajampeta.edu.in Cell: +91-9966452703

Dr.B.PURUSHOTHAM, M.Sc., B.Ed., Ph.D., Principal

17-01-2022.

## RELIEVING ORDER

Ref:- Proceedings of the Govt. College for Men(A) Kadapa . Dt: 17-01-2022.

1

Sri N.Sivarami Reddy, Lecturer in PHYSICS, Govt. Degree College, Rajampeta, Kadapa is hereby relieved of his duties on 17-01-2022 A.N to Electronics attend Board of Studies Meeting in the subject of PHYSICS at Govt. College for Men(A), Kadapa on 18-01-2022 at 10:00 A.M. He is also requested to submit attendance Certificate at the time of reporting to duty in the college.

RAJAMPET-516115, Y.S.R. (Dist.)

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# GOVERNMENT COLLEGE FOR MEN (A), KADAPA.

# Attendance Certificate

DATE: 17/04/2021.

This is to certify that Sri N.B.Siva Rami Reddy, Department of Physics,Govt. Degree College, Porumamilla,Kadapa(Dt.) attended the Board of Studies meeting in the Department of Electronics, Government College for Men(A), Kadapa on 17/04/2021.

FOR MEN (A) GOVT. COLLEGE KADAPA.

### GOVERNMENT COLLEGE FOR MEN (Autonomous) **KADAPA**

From

Date: 12/04/2021.

The Principal Government College for Men (Autonomous) Kadapa

To

Sri N.B.Siva Rami Reddy Lecturer in Physics Govt Degree College, Porumamilla. Kadapa (Dt)

Respected Sir,

Sub: Department of Electronics - Request for attending Board of Studies-Meeting on 17/04/2021- Reg.

The Department of Electronics, Government College for Men, Kadapa is conducting Board of Studies meeting in Electronics at 10.00 AM on 17/04/2021 in the Department of Electronics. Hence, I request your good selves to attend the meeting to decide the Syllabus and model question papers for Electronics of I & II Semesters of I B.Sc of this college from the academic year 2020-2021.

You are also requested to approve the list of examiners for question paper Setting and paper valuation in the subject of Electronics examinations in this autonomous college. for conducting

Thanking you Sir,

Yours faithfully,

15-4-2021 PRINCIPAL GOVT. COLLEGE FOR MEN

KADAPA.

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## JETIR.ORG ISSN: 2349-5162 | ESTD Year : 2014 | Monthly Issue JOURNAL OF EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES AND INNOVATIVE RESEARCH (JETIR)

### An International Scholarly Open Access, Peer-reviewed, Refereed Journal

## REVIEW ON WASTE-TO-ENERGY CONVERSION THROUGH THERMO-CHEMICAL PROCESSES

### L.Raja Mohan Reddy<sup>1\*,</sup>G.V.Ramana<sup>2</sup>,B.Purushotham<sup>3</sup>and N.B.Sivarami Reddy<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Dept.of Physics, Government Degree College, Rajampeta, Annamayya(Dt), A.P., India-516115

<sup>2</sup> Dept.of Physics, SCNR Government Degree College, Proddatur, YSR(Dt), A.P., India-516360

<sup>3</sup> Dept.of Zoology, Government Degree College, Rajampeta, Annamayya(Dt), A.P., India-516115

**Abstract:** Waste disposal is an important issue that needs to be addressed, not only for health and environmental reasons but also for its social and economic impacts. Three important waste streams that contribute to the growing amount of wastes generated come from medical, industrial, and electronic residual wastes. These residual wastes are usually just being dumped or disposed of in sanitary landfills. Apart from finding solutions to these environmental waste problems, these wastes can be a possible source of energy that can support our energy sustainability. Waste to Energy (WTE) is a very broad term that covers any process that converts waste into energy, or an energy-carrying product, such as a gas or oil. Despite the existence of many different technologies, the aims of all WTE processes are essentially the same, Reduce the volume of waste and hence reduce the volume requiring disposal in landfill; Reduce the biodegradable fraction of waste. This review summaries the technological approaches that have been developed, presents some of the basic principles, provides details of some specific processes.

Keywords: Thermo-chemical, Pyrolysis, Gasification, electronic waste, industrial waste, medical waste, waste disposal, waste-to-energy

### 1. INTRODUCTION

The World Bank estimates that 1.3 billion tonnes of waste is generated annually worldwide and, by 2025, this amount will increase to 2.2 billion tonnes per year [1]. The tremendous rise in municipal solid waste (MSW) in the fast-growing cities of developing and emerging countries have led to increasing public concerns with regards to the resultant health and environmental impacts. Apart from municipal solid wastes, other major wastes that have potential as WTE feed sources are those coming from medical facilities, hazardous wastes from industries, and different residual electronic wastes. Most of the residual wastes from these waste streams, after segregation and treatment, usually just end up in storage facilities – or worst – in landfills. For medical wastes, for example, the global wastes generated surge and increase manifolds during the COVID-19 pandemic, which adds up to our waste problems. Hazardous industrial wastes, on the other hand, such as paints and used oils and grease after treatment just end up also in storage facilities or in landfills. Moreover, for electronic wastes – after segregating and recovering the recyclable materials – the residual electronic wastes also are just being disposed of in landfills. These three different wastes streams instead of adding to environmental waste problems may have potential benefits as a WTE feed, which can help not only in managing these wastes but

also to provide alternative source and energy supply support. In this era of sustainable growth, trends are moving away from conventional (non-renewable) resources towards renewable resources to satisfy the energy requirement of the general population without creating negative environmental impacts. A worldwide effort is being made to recognize the potential of every nation in the solid waste management sector and its subsequent utilization in the energy recovery sector. Solid Waste Management (SWM) is a current paradigm between developing and developed countries. In industrialized countries, technologies to utilize MSW for the production of energy, heat, solid biofuel and compost were well established [2-4]. MSW is a valuable renewable resource with capacity of biogas generation for combined heat and power (CHP) production by using the appropriate waste-to-energy technologies [5]. These technologies must be selected based on the waste composition assessment and economics [6]. Selection of the appropriate WTE-T is not an easy task due to generation of solid waste is influenced by seasonality and socioeconomic level of producers [7]. Policy instruments for sustainable waste management also have a significant impact in the selection of WTE-T [8]. Waste-to-energy technologies can be classified into biochemical and thermochemical processes while MSW can be classified as biodegradable and non-biodegradable, which are suitable for biochemical and thermochemical processes respectively [9, 10]. Biochemical processes are related to anaerobic digestion technologies to produce biogas [11] and thermochemical processes are related to pyrolysis [12], gasification [13] and incineration technologies [14]. Other authors also consider landfill gas utilization technologies [15] along with biorefineries as WTE-T [16, 17]. These technologies are potential to reduce greenhouse gas emissions in decentralized energy from waste systems [18]. this paper aims to review the suitability of waste type, based on their characteristics, and to match the exhibited characteristics against the operational parameters of the appropriate WTE technologies.

### 2. METHODOLOGY

This review is based on a literature search using Science Direct and NPTEL.

### 3. WASTE-TO-ENERGY (WTE) TECHNOLOGY

There are several waste to energy technologies available based on the type, quantity and characteristics of raw material, the required method of the energy, economic conditions, environmental standards and specific factors [19]. The most commonly used waste to energy technologies are thermo-chemical, bio-chemical, chemical and physical conversion technologies [20]. The thermal treatment includes cineration, pyrolysis, gasification and refused derived fuel (RDF) The biological treatment includes anaerobic digestion (AD), fermentation and enzyme. The chemical conversion includes hydrolysis, solvent extraction and transesterification. The physical conversion includes mechanical extraction, briquetting of Biomass and distillation.

Thermo-chemical technologies are generally used to convert waste into heat, electricity, and other valueadded products (VAP) by subjecting waste to high temperatures [21]. Thermal conversion is considered a part of integrated waste management technology [22].

### 3.1. Incineration

One of the most common waste treatment technology is incineration, in which waste mass is reduced by 70% and waste volume is reduced up to 90%. Incineration is suitable for high calorific value wastes. In this process, produced energy is converted in electricity generation[19, 23, 24]. The whole process carried out in three phases i.e. incineration, energy recovery and control of air pollution. The whole process is illustrated in Figure 1. In the first phase (incineration process), waste is directly burned at 700-1000° C in the combustion chamber by using flue gas and preheated air. Ultra-hot steam is produced after combustion of waste and this steam is used to create heat energy. Turbine is connected to generator which produces energy, heat and bottom ash. Bottom ash primarily contains of silicon, iron, calcium, aluminum, sodium and potassium.Heat and energy are recovered in second phase of incineration process. The biggest disadvantage of incineration process is the production of greenhouse gases. Thus, it is of prime concern to install emission control equipment to the incinerator, which is the third phase of incineration process [19,25,26]. Incineration technology of Indian MSW is not convenient as it contains high organic composition, moisture content or inert content (range 30- 60% each) and low calorific value (range 800-1100 kcal/kg) [27].Usually, in India small incinerators are used for burning of hospital waste. Still, a medium sized incinerator plant was installed to dispose of 300 tonnes of day-to-day waste at Delhi, India in 1987. However, the plant remained out of order currently, because non-availability of

waste having required calorific value for incineration [28]. At present, there is no large-scale incinerator working in India

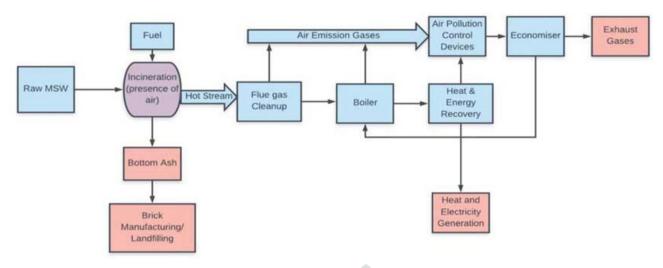


Figure 1. Incineration process to produce electricity and heat

### 3.2. Gasification

Gasification is a partial oxidation of organic substances at elevated temperature (500°C - 1800°C) to produce a synthesis gas (often called syngas) that can be used as a feedstock (through some reforming processes), or as a fuel [29]. The synthesis gas contains CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>4</sub>, trace amounts of higher hydrocarbons such as ethane and ethane, inert gases originating from the gasification agent and various contaminants such as small particles [30]. The partial oxidation can be carried out using air, oxygen, steam, carbon dioxide or a mixture of these. Air gasification produces a low heating value (LHV) gas (4-7 MJ/Nm3 higher heating value), while oxygen gasification produces a medium heating value (MHV) gas (10-18 MJ/Nm3 higher heating value). [31]. This synthesis gas can be used for efficient production of electricity and/or heat, or second generation liquid biofuels. Several different gasification processes are available or being developed which are in principle suited for the treatment of MSW, certain hazardous wastes and dried sewage sludge. Good operation of the gasification reactor and minimisation of tar formation requires that the nature (size, consistency) of the waste input remains within certain predefined limits. This often requires special pretreatment of MSW, thereby increasing the cost. Figure 2. illustrates the gasification process.

### Special features of gasification processes are:

- smaller gas volume compared to incineration (up to a factor of 10 by using pure O<sub>2</sub>),
- smaller waste water flows from synthesis gas cleaning,
- predominant formation of CO rather than CO<sub>2</sub>,
- capturing of inorganic residues, e.g. within slag in high temperature slagging gasifiers,
- high operating pressures (in some processes), leading to small and compact aggregates,
- material and energetic utilisation of the synthesis gas.

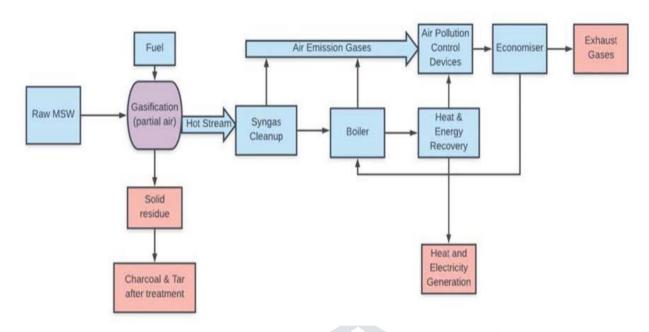


Figure 2. Gasification process to produce energy and heat

### 3.3. Pyrolysis

The recent consciousness of the need for abatement of air pollution leads to worldwide interest in and investigation of pyrolysis as a major process for waste treatment. Pyrolysis is thermal degradation either in the complete absence of an oxidising agent, or with such a limited supply that gasification does not occur to an appreciable extent; the latter may be described as partial gasification and is used to provide the thermal energy required for pyrolysis at the expense of product yields. Relatively low temperatures (400-900°C, but usually lower than 700°C) are employed compared to gasification. Three products are obtained: pyrolysis gas, pyrolysis liquid and solid coke, the relative proportions of which depend very much on the pyrolysis method and reactor process parameters. The heating value of pyrolysis gas typically lies between 5 and 15 MJ/m<sup>3</sup> based on MSW and between 15 and 30 MJ/m<sup>3</sup> based on RDF.

### Pyrolysis plants for waste treatment usually include the following basic process stages:

1. Preparation and grinding: the grinder improves and standardises the quality of the waste presented for processing, and as such promotes heat transfer.

2. Drying (depends on process): a separate drying step improves the LHV of the raw process gases and increases efficiency of gas-solid reactions within the reactor.

3. Pyrolysis of wastes: besides the pyrolysis gas, a solid carbon-containing residue is generated which contains mineral and metallic compounds.

4. Secondary treatment of pyrolysis gas and pyrolysis coke: condensation of the gases for the extraction of energetically usable oil mixtures and/or incineration of gas and coke for the destruction of the organic compounds and simultaneous utilisation of energy.

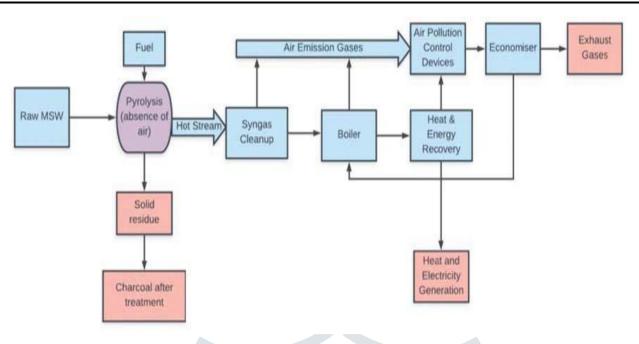


Figure 3. Pyrolysis process to produce energy and heat

### 3.4. Refuse-derived Fuel (RDF)

RDF technology stipulates safe and eco-friendly disposal of MSW. It is an alternating fuel which can be used in boilers in place of fossil fuels. The process of RDF generation is described in Figure 4. A few RDF plants were setup in India [27,32], RDF pellets is frequently used for pulp, paper industry, wood industry waste and saw-mill industry [25].

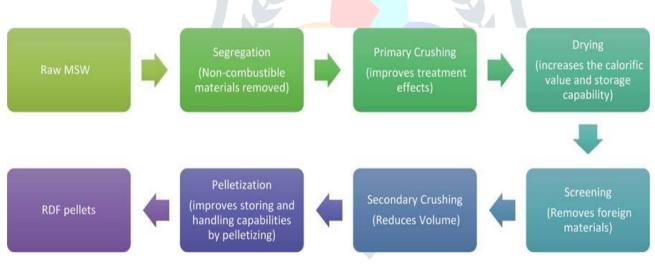


Figure 4. Refuse derived fuel process

### 4. CONCLUSION

With the ever-increasing demand for energy in a rapidly growing economy like India, cheap and sustainable energy is the need of the hour. Waste to Energy conversion remains a major untapped energy resource in the Indian context. Several efforts have been made by the government of India to improve our waste energy potential (biomass, MSW). A significant improvement in biomass energy generation capacity (10 GW) has been attained in the past decade, however, the MSW-based energy potential is yet to be realized. It is to be mentioned that less than 5% of the overall energy generation potential from MSW is currently utilized in India. The types of waste (MSW) plays an important role on the efficiency of WTE technologies and the yields of production. The thermal treatment required waste that have low moisture content and high calorific value for good performances.

### "Waste is nothing but wealth at wrong place"

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Sub: YVU-Conduct of conduct a two-day workshop on 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> March 2023 for subject committee members for preparation of syllabus for 4<sup>th</sup> year of 4 Yr UG Courses-OD for two days-reg.

Ref: Rc. No. APSCHE/AC/CBCS/Gen UG/4<sup>th</sup> yr/2023 dated 03-03-2023.

With reference cited above, APSCHE directed the Universities to conduct a two-day workshop for subject committee members for the preparation and finalization of syllabus of 4<sup>th</sup> year (semesters-VII and VIII) of 4-year UG honours of General Degree Programs. In this regard Yogi Vemana University has scheduled the said workshop on 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> March 2023 to Subject Committee Members and University Nominees of allocated subjects as detailed in enclosed table. Accordingly, I informed all the Subject Committee Members and University Nominees to attend a two-day workshop on 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> March 2023 in APJ Abdul Kalam Central library, Y V University, Kadapa from 11:00 am to 05:00 pm to share their experience and expertise in framing syllabus. Hence, I am herewith requesting the concerned principals to accord permission to attend the said workshop, relieve the concerned faculty and treat their absence on 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> March 2023 as ON DUTY so as to attend the workshop without fail. Thanking you

A.G. DAMU Dean, A cademic Affairs Y V university Kadapa

Y DEAN DEAN ACADEMIC AFFAIRS YOGI VEMANA UNIVERSITY KADAPA- 516005

### List of revised Subject Experts in the allocated subjects to Yogi Vemana University, Kadapa

SI. No.	Name of the Subject	Name of the Member	University/College	Phone Numbers & Email IDs
		1. Dr. B. Reddainh	Dept. of MCA Y.V. University, Kadapa	9000601602 b.reddiah@yogivemanauni versity.ac.in
١.	Computer Maintenance	2. Dr. A. Sri Lakshmi	Govt. Degree College, Kodur	9866866854 boscomputers.yvu@gmail. com
		3. Dr. G. Chandrasekhar Reddy	SKSC Degree College, Proddatur	9182343526 8985544805
		4. D. Manoj Prabhakar	SCNR Degree College, Proddatur	9492441242 manoj07573@gmail.com
		1. Dr. N.V. Rami Reddy	Dept. of Zoology, Y.V. University, Kadapa	9866094531 nvramireddy@yvu.edu.in
		2. Dr. B. Purushotham	Govt. Degree College, Rajampeta	9966452703 aristatilzoo@gmail.com
2	Anthropology	3. Dr. D.V. Nagendra Kumar	Govt. Arts College for Men (A), Kadapa	9492657661 veeranagendrakumar@ gmail.com
		4. Dr. P. Tirupal	Dept. of Anthropology S.V. University, Tirupati	9494745745 thirupal3@gmail.com
		1. Dr. D.R. Satish Babu	Dept. of PS & PA, Y.V. University, Kadapa	9440028159 ravindra.babu753@gmail.c om
3	Public	2. C. Ramamohan Reddy	Govt. Degree College, Yerraguntla	9440084212 ramamohan.pdtr@gmail.c om
	Administration	3. N.V.L. Durga Pradeep	SCNR Govt. Degree College, Proddatur	8074018521 nakkinapradeep@gmail.co m
		4. Dr. P. Hari Prasad	Govt. Arts College for Men (A), Kadapa	8519907895 harikalpi@gmail.com
		1. Dr. M. Sreedhar Babu	Dept. of Applied Mathematics, Y.V. University, Kadapa	9959656072 msreedharyvu@ gmail.com
4	Statistics	2. S. Hari Prasad	Govt. Degree College, Rly. Kodur	9494404963 prasadsreekaram@gmail.c om
		3. R. Ramachandra Reddy	Lepakshi Degree College, Proddatur	9440353796 principal_lepakshidc@yah oo.com
		4. Dr. K. Satish	Govt. Degree College, Vempalli	9885181110 statishlaks@gmail.com Contd. 2 Page

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SI. No.	Name of the Subject	Name of the Member	University/College	Phone Numbers
110.	Subject	1. Prof. K. Raghu Babu	Desidence (C. 1	& Email IDs
		1. FIOL K. Ragnu Babu	Department of Geology,	9440673734
		2. Dr. P. Rama Krishna	Y.V. University, Kadapa	dr.kraghu@gmail.com
5	Geology	2. DI. I. Kama Krishna	Govt. Degree College for	9985370100
	Geology		Men, Kadapa	pramakrishnageology@g mail.com
		3. Dr. M. Ravi Kumar	Govt. Degree College,	8341184784
			Yerraguntla	ravi.geology@gmail.com
		1. Dr. M. Raghavender	Dept. of Physics,	9885069418
			Y.V. University, Kadapa	toraghavender@rediffmail .com
		2. K. Subhan Saheb	Govt. Degree College,	9885185266
			Mydukur	subhansridevi@gmail.com
6	Electronics	3. Dr. M. Obula Reddy	YSRV Govt. Degree	9440696747
			College, Vempalli	mormphil@gmail.com
		4. Dr. L. Raja Mohan	Govt. Degree College,	9440924107
		Reddy 5. M.V. Ramanajah	Rajampeta	0.1.102022.10
		J. WI. V. Kamananan	SKR & SKR GDC for Women (A), Kadapa	9440382340
	Geography	1. Prof. T. Siva Prathap	Dept. of Earth Sciences,	9440567799
			Y.V. University, Kadapa	prathap.shia@gmail.com
		2. Prof. A. Krishna Kumari	Department of Geography	9949774986
			S.K. University, Anantapur	krishna_a31@yahoo.co.in
7		3. Dr. Reddy Bhaskar	Department of Geography	9640057456
		Reddy	S.V. University	bhaskarreddy.svu@gmail.
			Tirupati	com
		4. Dr. N. Chandrayudu	Department of Geography	7013082576
			S.V. University Tirupati	ncrgeo64@gmail.com
		1. Dr. Syed Vasiulla	Govt. Degee College for	9441905026
		Bhakthiyari	Men (A), Kadapa	vasibakhtiary@gcmkadap
				a.ac.in
		2. Dr. S. Farooq Basha	Govt. Degee College,	9493330013
	Urdu Literature/		Rayachoti	shaikfarooqbasha@gmail.
8	Special Urdu	2 Dr. Sharaya Daahum	SVD & SVD CDO C	com
	-	3. Dr. Shazeya Beghum	SKR & SKR GDC for Women (A), Kadapa	9866999808
			women (A), Kauapa	shazeeyahod.urdu@gmail.
				com 9247175259
		4. Dr. Ameenulla	S.V. University, Tirupati	ameen.svu@gmail.com
				aneen.svu(aginan.com

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~2~



**Government Degree College** 

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Cell: +91-9966452703

14-03-2023

email: rajampeta.jkc@gmail.com, www.gdcrajampeta.edu.in

Dr.B.PURUSHOTHAM, M.Sc., B.Ed., Ph.D., Principal

### **RELIEVING ORDER**

Ref:- YVU/Dean-aa/4th Year-UG/Syllabus framing/2023 Dated:09-03-2023.

Dr.L.RAJAMOHAN REDDY, Lecturer in PHYSICS, Govt. Degree College, Rajampeta, Kadapa is hereby relieved of his duties on the AN of 14-03-2023 to attend a Two -Day workshop on 15 & 16 March 2023 for preparation of syllabus of 4<sup>th</sup> year of 04 year UG Courses at YVU, Kadapa. He is also requested to submit attendance Certificate at the time of reporting to duty in the college.

Principal Govt. Degree C RAJAMPET-516115, Y.S.R. (Dist.)





Prof. A.G. Damu Dean, Academic Affairs Ph.No.9177888961 mail:agdamu01@gmail.com

No. YVU/AA/UG-4<sup>th</sup> Y/Syllabus/2023

Date: 15.03.2023

## TO WHOM SO EVER IT MAY CONCERN

This is to certify that Dr. L. Raja Mohan Reddy, Govt. Degree College, Rajampeta has attended for Two-Day Workshop as one of the subject committee members in Electronics for the preparation and finalization of syllabus of 4th year of 4 year UG Hons held on 15.03.2023 and 16.03.2023 in APJ Abdul kalam Central library, YVU, Kadapa.



ACADEMIC AFFAIRS YOGI VEMANA UNIVERSITY KADAPA- 516005







# GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

Prasadampaadu, Vijayawada, Krishna District, A.P. - 521108

#### **CERTIFICATE** OF PARTICIPATION

This is to certify that

N.B.SIVARAMIREDDY Lecturer in Physics GDC PORUMAMILLA

participated in **"A Five-day APCCE - US Faculty Development Programme on** New Knowledge in Physics and Energy materials: Advanced Research Techniques from 6<sup>th</sup> July, 2020 to 10<sup>th</sup> July, 2020

> organised by Commissionerate of Collegiate Education, A.P., Vijayawada

> > in association with

University of Louisville-USA, Southern University-USA and Elizabeth City State University-USA



Special Commissioner, Commissionerate of Collegiate Education, A.P







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## SIVARAMIREDDY N B

## GOVT. DEGREE COLLEGE, RAJAMPETA

participated in the 6 Day Training of the Trainers Programme on

English medium of Instruction, Proficiency in English from

## 05.06.2023 to 10.06.2023

at Nodal Resource Centre (NRC), S.G. Govt. Degree College, Piler

organized by Commissionerate of Collegiate Education, A.P., Mangalagiri.

Dr. M.Sudhakara Reddy PRINCIPAL, NRC-S.G. Govt. Degree College, Piler

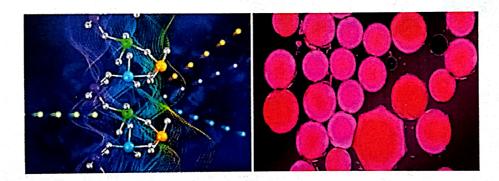
Dr. POLA BHASKAR, I.A.S COMMISSIONER OF COLLEGIATE EDUCATION



National Conference on

**Recent Trends in Materials Science** 

# **Book of Abstracts**





Organized by

**Department of Physics & Electronics** 

# Government College for Men (A)

KADAPA – 516004, A.P., INDIA



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Dept. of Physics & Electronics, Govt. College for Men(A), Kadapa-516004, A.P.

S. Vidya Sagar <sup>1</sup>, S. Babu<sup>2</sup>, G.Pullaiah<sup>1</sup>, K. Venkata Rao <sup>1\*</sup>

III

#### **RECENT TRENDS IN RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES: INDIA**

#### L.Raja Mohan Reddy<sup>1\*</sup>, M.Obula Reddy<sup>2</sup>, M.Thaidun<sup>3</sup>, G.V.Ramana<sup>4,</sup> B.Purusotham<sup>5</sup> and N.B.Sivarami Reddy<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Lecturer in Physics, GDC, Rajampeta,YSR(Dt),A.P.,India-516115
<sup>2</sup>Lecturer in Physics, GDC, Vempalli,YSR(Dt),A.P.,India-516329
<sup>3</sup>Lecturer in Physics, GDC, Pendlimarri,YSR(Dt),A.P.,India-516216
<sup>4</sup>Lecturer in Physics, SCNRGDC,Proddatur,YSR(Dt),A.P.,India-516360
<sup>5</sup>Lecturer in Zoology, GDC, Rajampeta,YSR(Dt),A.P.,India-516115

E-mail:lrmrmphil@gmail.com

#### Abstract:

The global demand for renewable energy in recent decades has continued to increase, despite adverse economic conditions such as world economic recessions, trade disputes, and falls in gas and oil prices. As India is in a league of the most rapid development taking place in the country, hence it has to produce more and more energy to meet the consumption of the people with increase in the population. India is now one of the countries with large production of energy from renewable sources. The renewable energy system represents a unique opportunity for creating new employment with climate goals and increasing economic growth, and enhancing human welfare. Hence the role of renewable energy is very important and has been assuming increasing significance in recent times with the growing concern for energy security. Today, renewable account for about 33% of India's primary energy consumptions. India is increasingly adopting responsible renewable energy techniques and taking positive steps towards carbon emissions, cleaning the air and ensuring a more sustainable future. In India, from the last two and half decades there has been a vigorous pursuit of activities relating to research, development, demonstration, production and application of a variety of renewable energy technologies for use in different sectors. India's renewable energy capacity (excluding large hydro) stood at 114.07 GW till June-end this year, while 60.66 GW of projects are under various stages of development. India has set a target of having 175 GW of renewable energy capacity, including 100 GW of solar and 60 GW of wind energy, by 2022.

Keywords— Renewable energy, economic growth

Dept. of Physics & Electronics, Govt. College for Men(A), Kadapa-516004, A.P.





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# Review on Biomass Energy Potential in India

### L.Raja Mohan Reddy<sup>1\*</sup>, B.Purushotham<sup>2</sup>, S.Mahboob Basha<sup>1</sup> N.B.Sivarami Reddy<sup>1</sup>and P.V.S.Sobhan Babu<sup>1</sup>

1. Dept.of Physics, Government Degree College, Rajampeta, Annamayya(Dt), A.P., India-516115 2. Dept.of Zoology, Government Degree College, Rajampeta, Annamayya(Dt), A.P., India-516115

#### Abstract:-

Energy consumption is increasing on a daily basis as the global economy expands. As a result, power generating planners, policymakers, and governments, among others, must concentrate on the issue of rising energy consumption. Fossil fuels are thought to be limited, while renewable energy sources are plentiful in nature. As a result, renewable energy sources should be encouraged in order to protect the environment and human health. The study takes into account a variety of problems concerning biomass potential and biomass power generation. Because bio-energy is one of the most important sources of renewable energy, a variety of factors were considered when assessing the literature on biomass-based power generation. Biomass energy is less expensive and does not pollute the environment. In some aspects, it also regulates environmental contamination. Biomass energy production provides a lot of room for innovation and application in remote and rural regions. We will require efficient resources for this, as well as sustainable, renewable, nonconventional, and equally important energy resources to fully realize India's future potential. Biomass produces ethanol, which is regarded as one of the world's most valuable sources of renewable energy.

Key Words: Biomass Energy, Non-conventional Energy, Renewable Resources, Bio-fuel.

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J III	<b>ERNMENT COLLEGE FOR</b> KADAPA- 516004, A.P., INDI National Conference On	A. <b>*</b>
RECENT	<b>TRENDS IN MATERIALS SCIEN</b> 24 <sup>th</sup> September, 2022	E (RTMS-ZOZZ)
	Organized by	
ATADAPA .	DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS & ELECTR	UNICS
Comon a mor	Certificate	ment of Andhra
This is to c	certify that Mr./Ms./Dr./Prof. L. Raja Mohan R	eddy
	certify that Mr./Ms./Dr./Prof. <u>L. Raja Mohan R</u> C. Rajampeta	eddyhas attended
of <u>Gi.D.</u>	certify that Mr./Ms./Dr./Prof. <u>L. Raja Mohan R</u> <u>C. Rajampeta</u> Conference on "Recent Trends in Materials Science (RTMS-2022	has attended
of <u>G</u> · D · O One Day National C	C. Rajampeta	has attended )" held at Government College for





# **GOVERNMENT COLLEGE FOR MEN (A): KADAPA**

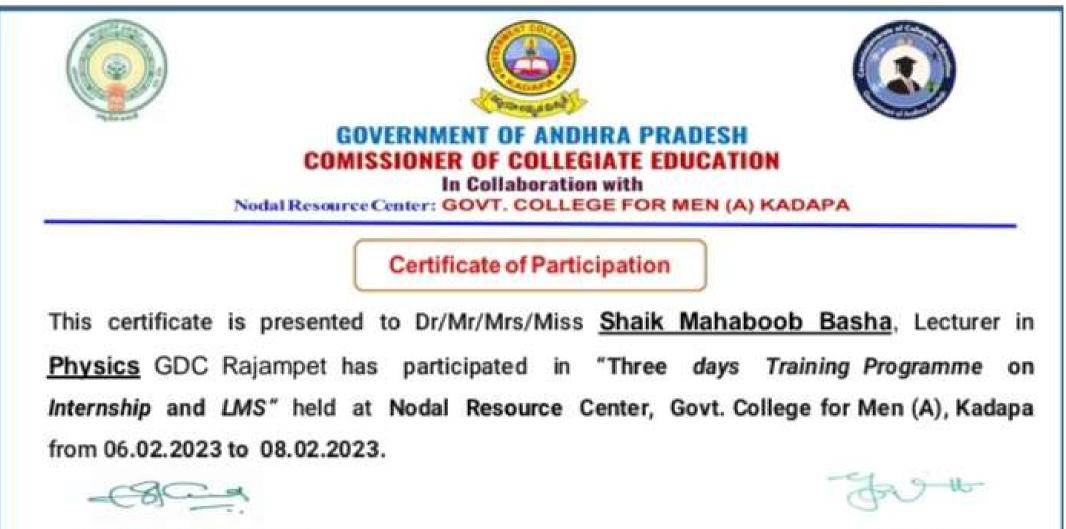
**Attendance Certificate** 

Dt. 24-09-2022

This is to certify that Dr./Sri/Smt/Mr/Ms. L. RAIN MOHAN REDPY Lecturer in working at GDC, Rojampelt Phyery attended One day NATIONAL CONFERENCE ON "RECENT TRENDS IN MATERIALS SCIENCE" (RTMS-2022) Organized by the Department of Physics & Electronics, Govt. College for Men(A), Kadapa – 516004 on 24<sup>th</sup> September, 2022.

Signature of the Principal PRINCIPAL GOVT. COLLEGE FOR MEN (A) KADAPA.





**NRC Coordinator** 

Principal



# COMMISSIONERATE OF COLLEGIATE EDUCATION GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH



This certificate is awarded to P.V.S.Sobhana Baby, GDC, Rajampet for participating in "5 Day Training Programme for Teachers on Solar Energy - Content Delivery and Assessment Methods (TOT on Solar Energy)" from 10.08.2022 to 14.08.2022 organized by Commissionerate of Collegiate Education, A.P., Vijayawada in collaboration with KSN Govt Degree College for Women, Ananthapuramu.

Certificate generated on: August, 14 of 2022



Dr. Pola Bhaskar, IAS Commissioner of Collegiate Education Government of Andhra Pradesh Vijayawada



# COMMISSIONERATE OF COLLEGIATE EDUCATION GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH



This certificate is awarded to **S.Mahaboob Basha**, **GDC**, **Rajampet** for participating in **"5 Day Training Programme for Teachers on Solar Energy - Content Delivery and Assessment Methods** (**TOT on Solar Energy**)" from 10.08.2022 to 14.08.2022 organized by Commissionerate of Collegiate Education, A.P., Vijayawada in collaboration with **KSN Govt Degree College for Women, Ananthapuramu.** 

Certificate generated on: August, 14 of 2022



Dr. Pola Bhaskar, IAS Commissioner of Collegiate Education Government of Andhra Pradesh Vijayawada





# **CERTIFICATE OF PARTICIPATION**

# This certificate is presented to Mr/Ms/Dr/Prof. N.B.SIVARAMIREDDY, Govt.Degree College, PORUMAMILLA, YSR KADAPA DISTRICT,

For attending the National Level workshop on Recent Trends and Opportunities in Physics (Online) on 10<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup> April 2021, Organised by the Department of Physics, School of Advanced Sciences, VIT-AP University, Andhra

Pradesh, India.

Santanu Mandal

(Dr Santanu Mandal)

Head, Physics Department

(Prof. Madhusudhana Rao N)

**Dean, School of Advanced Sciences**